

day102 Review #3

Due Monday 5/22/23

As you know, we are reviewing Python. Your final exam will be on Python. Today we're going to review for loops and the modulo command.

for loops

A for loop iterates a list of items ("iterates" means "goes through a list"). For example, this code:

```
numList = [1,2,3,4]
for x in numList:
    print(x)
```

generates this output:

```
1
2
3
4
```

Here is another for loop, this time with a non-numerical list:

```
farmList = ["Goat","Pig","Chicken"]
for animal in farmList:
    print(animal)
```

The above code generates the following output:

```
Goat
Pig
Chicken
```

Finally, if you want to make a for loop and just have a number that goes up, one at a time, you can do the following. This code:

```
for x in range(0,5):
    print(x)
```

generates the following:

```
0
1
2
3
4
```

The following code prints out the farm animals but in a more complicated way than previous code I used above. See if you can understand it:

```
farmList = ["Goat","Pig","Chicken"]
for x in range(len(farmList)):
    print(farmList[x])
```

The above for loop uses the range call which puts the numbers from zero to 1 less than the length of the farmList variable into x, one at a time. It's definitely easier to just say "for x in farmList:" if you just want the items one at a time, but I wanted you to see all the options. Sometimes you need to know the index number of each item in a list.

That's it for **for loops**.

Now let's review the modulo operator

The modulo operator or % symbol divides one number by another and gives you the remainder. For example, $10\%2$ gives you 0 (10 divided by 2 gives you 5 evenly, that is, there is no remainder). $10\%3$ gives you 1, because when you divide 10 by 3 you end up with a remainder of 1.

Here we take user input (a number) and find all the factors of that number using the modulo operator (%). (Factors are numbers that divide into a number evenly. For example, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 12 are all factors of 12.)

This code:

```
number = int(input("Please enter a number: "))
print("You entered",number)
print("We will now find all factors of",number)
for divisor in range(1,number+1):
    if number%divisor==0:
        print(divisor,"is a factor of",number)
```

generates:

```
Please enter a number: 48
You entered 48
We will now find all factors of 48
1 is a factor of 48
2 is a factor of 48
3 is a factor of 48
4 is a factor of 48
6 is a factor of 48
8 is a factor of 48
12 is a factor of 48
16 is a factor of 48
24 is a factor of 48
48 is a factor of 48
```

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